

73%

of Oregon voters favor offshore wind construction off their state's coast – a 7-point gain over 14 months, during a period in which the industry faced significant attacks from the executive branch. Offshore wind ranks second only to solar as the energy resource Oregon voters most want as part of the state's electricity solution.

87%

support **adding more renewables** to Oregon's energy mix

67%

are not very confident that the OR grid can meet demand over the next 10 years

71%

say it's very important the Federal government **honor previously permitted offshore wind projects**

OREGON VOTER SUPPORT FOR OFFSHORE WIND CONSTRUCTION BY AFFILIATION

Across political affiliations, a **majority of voters** support offshore wind development.

Democrats



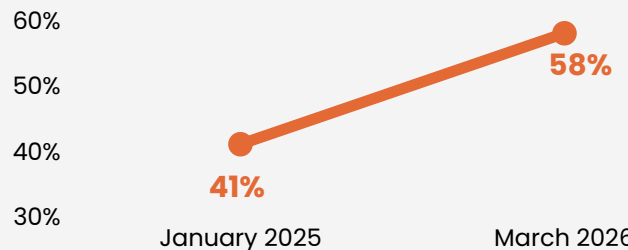
Independents



Republicans

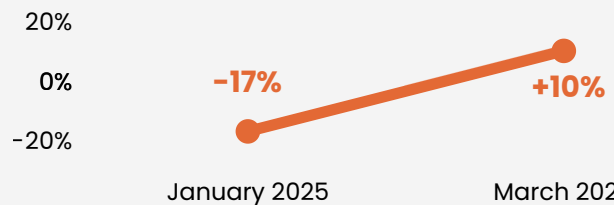


OR GOP VOTER SUPPORT FOR OSW CONSTRUCTION



Oregon Republican voter support has increased substantially since Jan 2025.

OR GOP VOTER CANDIDATE NET SUPPORT SWING



Since January 2025, Oregon Republican voters have become significantly **more likely** to vote for a candidate that is pro offshore wind.

OREGON'S POTENTIAL IN OFFSHORE WIND

Even with federal offshore wind leasing halted, Oregon is writing a comprehensive roadmap for its own offshore wind future, on its own terms. The OR Department of Land Conservation and Development released a draft Offshore Wind Energy Roadmap in February 2026, developed through more than a year of public engagement, tribal consultation, and input from coastal communities, labor, fisheries, and environmental groups. The roadmap presents four possible pathways, ranging from full-scale offshore wind buildout, to engaging in the offshore wind economy through manufacturing and research without siting projects offshore, to pursuing a small pilot project, or choosing no offshore wind development at all. Public comment closed April 2026, and the final document will go to the Oregon legislature to inform energy policy in the 2027 session.

Oregon is building the policy infrastructure to act when they're ready for offshore wind: clear standards for environmental protection, tribal engagement, labor requirements, and community benefit agreements that would apply to any future development. The state sits on some of the most powerful and consistent offshore winds in North America. The question Oregon is working through is how best to develop that resource in a responsible way.

The waters off Coos Bay sit at the center of Oregon's offshore wind energy future, with some of the most powerful and consistent ocean winds in North America. Credit: Oregon Coast Visitors Association



NATIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN FOOTPRINT

Across the nation:

- **2,135+** supplier contracts generated across **40** states, supporting a national supply chain
- **\$25+ billion** in total investment driven by the U.S. offshore wind industry
- **51%** of supply chain investment is flowing to Republican congressional districts, from Gulf Coast shipyards to Midwestern steel mills
- **\$1.8 billion** invested in shipyards, across 26 facilities in 15 states

WHAT OREGON VOTERS BELIEVE

68%

reject the claim that offshore wind drives up energy prices for consumers

66%

reject the claim that offshore wind affects military radar systems

*Opposition claims are broadly encountered but **not deeply held**, creating room for education.*

OREGON'S GRID NEEDS ENERGY

Charles River and Associates have modeled what happens to a growing power grid with and without offshore wind.

Removing offshore wind raises energy prices 8–10%, because costlier gas plants must run more to replace it.

OR faces similar conditions as ISO-NE: rising electricity demand, aging power plants, and transmission constraints. **Floating offshore wind is one of the only large-scale resource** that can be built near coastal load and avoid those price increases.